

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/839,073	04/20/2001	Todd C. Sacktor	13492	2721	
Leopold Presse	7590 03/06/200 r, Esq.	EXAMINER			
SCULLY, SCOTT, MURPHY & PRESSER			PAK, MICHAEL D		
400 Garden City Plaza Garden City, NY 11530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			1646		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO	NTHS	03/06/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/839,073	SACKTOR, TODD C.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Michael Pak	1646			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timulated and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. tely filed the mailing date of this communicati (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 De</u>	ecember 2006.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)□						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) 11,13 and 15 is/are pending in the ap	plication.				
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 11, 13, 15 is/are rejected.					
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
.0/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.03(a).					
11) 🗆 .	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
·	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119		, 10.101. 0. 10.11. 1.0 102.			
_	•		(1)			
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (t).			
a)[a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents					
•	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	• • •			

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

- 1. Claims 11, 13, and 15 are examined below. Claims 1-10, 12 and 14 have been cancelled.
- 2. Applicant's arguments filed March 20, 2006, have been fully considered but they are not found persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000.

Application/Control Number: 09/839,073

Art Unit: 1646

Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ghosh et al. (US 6,268,398) with evidence by Lang et al. (US 2005/0064501).

Ghosh et al. teach the method of administering chelerythrine as kinase inhibitors for therapy of many diseases including Alzheimer's disease, diabetes mellitus, neuropathy, epilepsy, stroke and traumatic injury to the brain (columns 2, 4, 6, 17-20, and 22)

The patients with the above listed diseases would have the pain syndrome as well associated with the diseases. The administration of Chlerythrine inherently has the amnesiac effect. Lang et al. teach that the chlerythrine suppresses the activation of the Na+ channel (page 1, paragraph 0023, 0052-0057). Lang et al. teach treatment of epileptic seizure with kinase inhibitors (page 2, paragraph 0028). Lang et al. teach diagnosing of epilepsy, hypertension, fibrosing pancreatitis, radiation fibrosis, scleroderma, cystic fibrosis, chronic bronchitis using tissues of brain, Alzheimer's disease, cirrhosis of the liver, Crohn's disease, fibrosing pancreatitis and pulmonary fibrosis, arteriosclerosis, diabetic nephropathy.

Applicants argue that no objective evidence show that the diseases treated by the method of Ghosh et al. inherently encompass pain syndrome. However, claims encompass treating traumatic stress disorder and epilepsy in addition to pain syndrome. Furthermore, the term "pain syndrome" is not defined and encompass any pain event.

Thus, neuropathy, epilepsy, stoke and traumatic injury to the brain, Alzheimer's disease and diabetes is encompassed by the term "pain syndrome".

0Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 11, 13 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in view of Thiam et al.(FEBS Letter, 1999) with evidence by Lang et al. (US 2005/0064501).

The teachings of Ghosh et al. with evidence of Lang et al. has been set forth above. Ghosh et al. does not teach the myristoylation pseudosubstrate peptide.

Application/Control Number: 09/839,073 Page 5

Art Unit: 1646

Thiam et al teach the method of adminstering palmitoylated modified PCK- ζ pseudosubstrate lipopeptides on HL60 human cells (page 286 and figures 1-3). The claims method step requires administration of a therapeutically effective amount which is met by concentration of 10 uM (page 287-288). The palmitoylated peptide is a subgenus of myristoylation peptide meeting the claim limitation of claim 13.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the method of Ghosh et al. by substituting the myristolated pseudosubstrate peptide of Thiam et al. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the method of Ghosh et al. because Ghosh et al. explicitly consider chelerythrine, Staurosporine or other kinase inhibitors and pseudosubstrate peptide of Thiam et al. is a kinase inhibitor. Furthermore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated because Thiam et al. is an analogous art with Lang et al. because both use kinase inhibitors.

Applicants argue that Thiam et al. do not teach a method of causing amnesia or decreasing synaptic transmission by administering a therapeutically effective amount of of a PKM- ς inhibitor. However, the combination of Ghosh et al. in view of Thiam et al. teach the administration of the pseudosubstrate peptide which would inherently decrease the synaptic transmission.

5. No claims are allowed.

Art Unit: 1646

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Pak whose telephone number is 571-272-0879. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Nickol can be reached on 571-272-083535. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael Pak

Primary Patent Examiner

Hichard D. PAK

Art Unit 1646

27 February 2007